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any trade or business carried on by the member on whose behalf the research is performed.

- (3) Contract research expenses. If a member of a group pays or incurs contract research expenses to a person outside the group in carrying on the member's trade or business, that member shall include those expenses as qualified research expenses. However, if the expenses are not paid or incurred in carrying on any trade or business of that member, those expenses may be taken into account as contract research expenses by another member of the group provided that the other member—
- (i) Reimburses the member paying or incurring the expenses, and
- (ii) Carries on a trade or business to which the research relates.
- (4) Lease Payments. The amount paid or incurred to another member of the group for the lease of personal property owned by a member of the group is not taken into account for purposes of section 41. Amounts paid or incurred to another member of the group for the lease of personal property owned by a person outside the group shall be taken into account as in-house research expenses for purposes of section 41 only to the extent of the lesser of—
- (i) The amount paid or incurred to the other member, or
- (ii) The amount of the lease expenses paid to the person outside the group.
- (5) Payment for supplies. Amounts paid or incurred to another member of the group for supplies shall be taken into account as in-house research expenses for purposes of section 41 only to the extent of the lesser of—
- (i) The amount paid or incurred to the other member, or
- (ii) The amount of the other member's basis in the supplies.

 $[T.D.\ 8251,\ 54\ FR\ 21204,\ May\ 17,\ 1989.\ Redesignated and amended by T.D.\ 8930,\ 66\ FR\ 295,\ Jan.\ 3,\ 2001]$

§1.41-7 Special rules.

(a) Allocations—(1) Corporation making an election under subchapter S—(i) Passthrough, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1982, in the case of an S corporation. In the case of an S corporation (as defined in section 1361) the amount of research credit computed for

the corporation shall be allocated to the shareholders according to the provisions of section 1366 and section 1377.

- (ii) Pass-through, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1983, in the case of a subchapter S corporation. In the case of an electing small business corporation (as defined in section 1371 as that section read before the amendments made by the subchapter S Revision Act of 1982), the amount of the research credit computed for the corporation for any taxable year shall be apportioned pro rata among the persons who are shareholders of the corporation on the last day of the corporation's taxable year.
- (2) Pass-through in the case of an estate or trust. In the case of an estate or trust, the amount of the research credit computed for the estate or trust for any taxable year shall be apportioned among the estate or trust and the beneficiaries on the basis of the income of the estate or trust allocable to each.
- (3) Pass-through in the case of a partnership—(i) In general. In the case of a partnership, the research credit computed for the partnership for any taxable year shall be apportioned among the persons who are partners during the taxable year in accordance with section 704 and the regulations thereunder. See, for example, §1.704–1(b)(4)(ii). Because the research credit is an expenditure-based credit, the credit is to be allocated among the partners in the same proportion as section 174 expenditures are allocated for the year.
- (ii) Certain expenditures by joint ventures. Research expenses to which §1.41-2(a)(4)(ii) applies shall be apportioned among the persons who are partners during the taxable year in accordance with the provisions of that section. For purposes of section 41, these expenses shall be treated as paid or incurred directly by the partners rather than by the partnership. Thus, the partnership shall disregard these expenses in computing the credit to be apportioned under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section, and in making the computations under section 41 each partner shall aggregate its distributive share of these expenses with other research expenses of the partner. The limitation on the amount of the credit set out in

section 41(g) and in paragraph (c) of this section shall not apply because the credit is computed by the partner, not the partnership.

- (4) Year in which taken into account. An amount apportioned to a person under this paragraph shall be taken into account by the person in the taxable year of such person which or within which the taxable year of the corporation, estate, trust, or partnership (as the case may be) ends.
- (5) Credit allowed subject to limitation. The credit allowable to any person to whom any amount has been apportioned under paragraph (a)(1), (2) or (3)(i) of this section is subject to section 41(g) and sections 38 and 39 of the Code, if applicable.
- (b) Adjustments for certain acquisitions and dispositions—Meaning of terms. For the meaning of "acquisition," "separate unit," and "major portion," see paragraph (b) of §1.52–2. An "acquisition" includes an incorporation or a liquidation.
- (c) Special rule for pass-through of credit. The special rule contained in section 41(g) for the pass-through of the credit in the case of an individual who owns an interest in an unincorporated trade or business, is a partner in a partnership, is a beneficiary of an estate or trust, or is a shareholder in an S corporation shall be applied in accordance with the principles set forth in §1.53–3.
- (d) Carryback and carryover of unused credits. The taxpayer to whom the credit is passed through under paragraph (c) of this section shall not be prevented from applying the unused portion in a carryback or carryover year merely because the entity that earned the credit changes its form of conducting business.

[T.D. 8251, 54 FR 21204, May 17, 1989. Redesignated by T.D. 8930, 66 FR 295, Jan. 3, 2001]

§1.41-8 Special rules for taxable years ending on or after January 3, 2001.

- (a) Alternative incremental credit. At the election of the taxpayer, the credit determined under section 41(a)(1) equals the amount determined under section 41(c)(4).
- (b) Election—(1) In general. A taxpayer may elect to apply the provisions of the alternative incremental credit in

- section 41(c)(4) for any taxable year of the taxpayer beginning after June 30, 1996. If a taxpayer makes an election under section 41(c)(4), the election applies to the taxable year for which made and all subsequent taxable years.
- (2) Time and manner of election. An election under section 41(c)(4) is made by completing the portion of Form 6765, "Credit for Increasing Research Activities," relating to the election of the alternative incremental credit, and attaching the completed form to the taxpayer's timely filed original return (including extensions) for the taxable year to which the election applies.
- (3) Revocation. An election under this section may not be revoked except with the consent of the Commissioner. A taxpayer must attach the Commissioner's consent to revoke an election under section 41(c)(4) to the taxpayer's timely filed original return (including extensions) for the taxable year of the revocation.
- (4) Effective date. Paragraphs (b)(2) and (3) of this section are applicable for taxable years ending on or after January 3, 2001.

[T.D. 8930, 66 FR 295, Jan. 3, 2001]

§ 1.42-0 Table of contents.

This section lists the paragraphs contained in §§ 1.42–1 and 1.42–2.

§1.42-1 [Reserved]

- §1.42-2 Waiver of requirement that an existing building eligible for the low-income housing credit was last placed in service more than 10 years prior to acquisition by the taxpayer.
- (a) Low-income housing credit for existing building
- (b) $\overline{\text{Waiver}}$ of 10-year holding period requirement
 - (c) Waiver requirements
 - (1) Federally-assisted building
 - (2) Federal mortgage funds at risk
- (3) Statement by the Department of Housing and Urban Development or the Farmers' Home Administration
 - (4) No prior credit allowed
 - (d) Application for waiver
- (1) Time and manner
- (2) Information required
- (3) Other rules(4) Effective date of waiver
- (5) Attachment to return
- (e) Effective date of regulations
- [T.D. 8302, 55 FR 21189, May 23, 1990]